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J. DYSON.
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DEN.

Alexandria AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. III.]

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1863.

No. 774.

Sales by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths, Callimenes, Kerseys, Coatings, Halticks, Peanaught, Blankets, Planes, Negro Cottons, Worsted and other Stockings,	Irish Linens, Calicoes, Threads, Chintzes, Bedticks, Oznaburghs, Sewing Silks, Mullin and Mullin Handkerchiefs, India Cottons, &c &c.
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THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

June 8.

Public Vendue.

On TUESDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogshheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap } in boxes,
Mould and dip'd Candles }
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerleymers, Duffels,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elaticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silefia do.
Platillas,
Oznaburghs and Ticklenburgs,
Mullins and Mullin Hand's,
India Mullins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hatts,
And sundry other Articles.
P. G. MARSTELLER.

June 14.

JUST RECEIVED,

Thirteen Hundred lbs. dry, well cured
Venison Hams,

A few hundred sweet Oranges of an ex-
cellent flavor, fresh Lemons,
A few bls. new Pork and Herrings, very
good.

Also—Seed Potatoes of an ex-
cellent quality by the barrel or bushel.

ALSO,

A few barrels of Apples and
fresh Prunes.

Thos. Simms.

April 22.

For Sale,

At my warehouse on Prince Street,
30 hhds. Molasses,

100 bls. Pork—just received.

Wm. HODGSON.

May 14.

For Sale,

A TRACT OF LAND

Near the town of Alexandria, adjoining
the lands of Charles Alexander and Benja-
min Dulany, containing about one hun-
dred and ten acres, being a moiety of a
tract called Pearson's tract: Upon this
Land are some handsome and commanding
prospects of the town and country. It
will be sold altogether, or in lots of ten or
twenty acres each, as may suit purchasers.
The sale will commence upon the land on
the thirteenth day of July next. Notes
negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, at
sixty days, with good endorers, will be
received in payment.

JOHN WEST,
LUD. LEE.

June 7

ddf

JOSEPH RIDDLE and Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

SPRING GOODS,

In the William and John from London.
They expect an additional assortment
by the ship United States from Liverpool.
May 5.

WILLIAM OXLEY,

Has received per the William and John,
from London, and the United States,
from Liverpool,

DRY GOODS,

Suitable for the season, which are now
offered for Sale, at his Store in King-
Street, upon terms agreeable to the pur-
chasers.
May 11.

d

Molasses, Almonds, &c.

Twenty hhds. retailing Molasses of a
very superior quality,
Twenty frails fresh Almonds,
A quantity of loaf and lump Sugar in
hhds. & bls.
Ten tierces fresh Rice, received per
brig Celia, from N. York, and for sale
by
J. and T. VOWELL.

They have on hand,

24 hhds. St. Kitts Rum, 2d and 3d
proof,
100 bls. Pork,
40 do. brown Sugar,
Muscadel and bloom Raisins,
50 tons Plaster,
A few quarter casks
London particular Madeira Wine.

May 25.

co2w

For Sale,

Philadelphia Loaf and Lump

Sugar,
Three pipes old Lisbon Wine,
Pennsylvania and Swedish Bar Iron,
One pair Burr Mill Stones, 5 feet dia.
meter,

One pair Cologne do, about 5 feet.

And at the Mill,

Shorts and Bran,

Ship Stuff,

Indian Meal,

Rye Meal,

Oats,

Plaster of Paris by the bushel.

William Hartshorne.

5th Mo. 20.

d

Just Received,

And for Sale at the Subscriber's Store, in
Union Street,

A parcel of excellent Jamaica

ORANGES & LIMES,

by the barrel. Whoever wishes to have
the worth of their money will please to
turn the corner.

ABEL WILLIS.

May 24.

d

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

For Sale or Rent.

THE three story BRICK
HOUSE on the corner of King and Co-
lumbus streets.

THOMAS PATTEN.

Dec. 29.

co

ROBERTS & GRIFFITH

Have just received and for Sale,

15,000 lbs. green Coffee in bags
and tierces,
30 chests fresh Teas, assorted,
15 hhds. Jamaica and other Spirits,
30 bls. Whiskey,
40 boxes Spanish Segars,
40 do. Window Glafs,
25 crates empty Porter Bottles.

Also,

Madeira,
Sherry,
Teneriffe and
Malaga

Wines,

Loaf and brown Sugar, Chocolate,
Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Cloves,
Nutmegs, Indigo, Fig Blue,
Madder, Copperas, Candles,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Powder and Shot,
Dixon's and Durham's Mustard,
Stone Ware, &c. &c. &c.

May 30.

2aw4w

R. T. HOOE & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

In the ship United States from Liverpool,
4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d and 20d.

Nails,

A few casks of Iron Castings, assorted,
Cutlery and Hardware in general,
15 casks of Copperas,
34 casks patent Shot,
Fine and coarse Hats in boxes,
70 pieces of twilled Sacking,
70 boxes Window Glafs,
170 kegs of white, Venetian red, yellow
and red paints.
May 9.

co

The whole of the property of
John Fitzgerald, advertised for sale on the
21st ult. could not on that or the succeed-
ing day be set up, owing to previous en-
gagements of the Vendue Master; it was
then concluded as most eligible to postpone
the sale of the residue until the 19th day
of May, (inst.) There remain the Distil-
lery, the piece of ground upon Wolfe
and St. Asaph streets, and the tract of
Land in the vicinity of the town, which
will on that day be exposed to sale on the
terms formerly advertised.

THOS. A. DIGGES, } Acting
JAMES KEITH, } Executors.

May 2,

One of the Executors be-
ing obliged to attend the General
Court in Annapolis, on the
day appointed for the sale, a fur-
ther postponement becomes ne-
cessary. Thursday the 23d day
of June is appointed when the
sale will certainly take place.

May 16.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, in the
City of Washington, on Monday e-
vening last, the 21st inst, a handsome,
well made, dark sorrel Mare, with a sad-
dle and bridle: The mare is about 14½
hands high, about 6 years old, has a
small white spot behind the right ear un-
der the bridle, some white upon one of
der hind legs. A man (with evident signs
of guilt) crossed George Town Ferry and
rode off post haste, and was traced near
Colchester the same evening.

The above reward will be given on de-
livery of the mare and thief, or Fifteen
Dollars for the mare.

EBENEZER NESMITH,
near the Navy Yard.

City of Washington,

March 25.

co

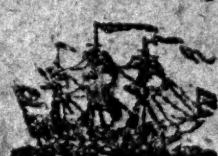
Notice.

I do hereby forwarn any per-
son from taking an assignment on my note
of Twenty Pounds, dated the 3d of Febru-
ary, 1863, of Nicholas Grimes, as I am
determined not to pay it until compelled
by law. JOHN CONNELLY.

June 9.

co3t

For Sale, Freight or Charter.



The Brigantine
REBECCA,
HENRY MCCLINTOCK,
Master.

Burthen 146 tons, or fifteen hundred bar-
rels. She is in complete repair, and will
be ready in a few days to take in a cargo.
A freight to the West Indies would be
preferred.

Also, for sale.—Forty thou-
sand white pine lumber, and three thou-
sand Hhd. Hoops. For terms apply to
Wm. YEATON.

June 13.

For BOSTON,

The Schooner
PRESIDENT,
William V. Lynch, Master.

To fail in all next week.
For Freight or Passage apply to the master
on board, at Merchants' wharf, or to
HENRY K. MAY & Co.

Who have landing and for sale, from said
schooner,

130 tons Plaster of Paris.

June 11.

FOR CHARTER,

A fine fast sailing

Philadelphia SHIP,

burthen 3500 barrels.

For terms apply to

Wm. I HALL.

June 3.

dtf

For BOSTON,

(To fail early next week.)

The copper bottom fast

sailing

Brig Harmony,

ROBERT B. HALL, mas-
ter.

For freight or pas-
sage, having good ac-
commodations, please apply on board—
erto

JOHN G. LADD.

50 Tons Plaster Paris,

10 Hogshheads Molasses,

Landing and for sale from said brig.

June 3.

For NEW-YORK,

The fast sailing Schoo-

ner

FRIENDSHIP,

A regular trader.

Will fail in the course of a few days. For
Freight or Passage, apply to the master
on board at Messrs. Lawraon & Smoor's
Wharf, or to PHILIP CARE.

Union Street.

Who has for Sale,

A quantity of coarse and fine
SALT; Shad and Herrings, in barrels;
Rum and Sugar in barrels; Gun Powder,
&c. Ginger in kegs, &c.

June 10.

d

HARDWARE, &c.

BY the United States, the
subscriber has received an extensive assort-
ment.

Also,

A variety of Tools, Looking Glasses,
&c. manufactured in this country.

PHILIP WANTON.

5th mo. 9th

d

We want to purchase,

Five thousand bushels of CORN, for
which Cash will be given, if delivered at
Cameron Mills.

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.
Who have received by the ship United
States,

Two trunks Cotton Hosiery,
and to be sold on low terms by the pack-
age or dozen.

May 16.

d

Cash given for clean Linen and
Cotton Rags.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

To the PORT FOLIO, a literary Paper published in Philadelphia, are received by the Editor of this Paper. The terms are Five Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

To Rent.

A HOUSE on Gibbon street. Possession may be had immediately. Apply to
GEORGE N. LYLES.
June 6. d3w

FOR RENT,

(Possession may be had immediately)

The subscribers' brick Warehouse and dwelling House, situated on Prince Street, with or without the adjoining Warehouses.

Further description is unnecessary. Those who are inclined, can view the premises and know the terms.

Wm. HODGSON.

June 10. d

For Sale,

100 Barrels of Prime Pork, 10 Hhds. Molasses, A quantity of coarse Liverpool and Cadiz Salt, Nova Scotia & English Grindstones. Also—A few packages of superfine Cloths and Cassimeres by the package, or piece, on very low terms, and 6 cases felt Hats.

Wm. HODGSON.

June 10. d

For Sale,

A handsome FORTEPIANO. Apply to
THOS. PARTEN.
May 24.

For Sale,

NANKEENS
Of the first quality; calks and boxes
FRESH RAISINS.

BEN. SHREVE, jun.

June 4. d

THE subscriber will take a young Man of good character, to the study of Medicine. JAMES CRAIK.
May 18. law31

Removal.

THE subscriber has removed from King Street, to the Brick House in Prince Street, between Washington and St. Alph streets, lately occupied by Mr. Mills.

James Gillies.

June 11. eozt

JAMES WILSON

Has received by the ship William and John, capt. Woodhouse, from London,
SPRING GOODS,

which will be opened and for sale immediately at his warehouse.

Also—Brown Stout in calks of 6 doz. each.

May 5. d

Jonah Thompson and Son,
HAVE IMPORTED

In the ships William & John from London, and United States from Liverpool;

Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, Cambric, jaconet and book Mollins, silk Shawls, cotton Hosiery, Jeanne's, Fustians, striped and clouded Nankeens, Cordurys, Velvets and Thicksetts, Dimities, fancy Marcellies, Waistcoating, sewing Silks, Twist and Thread, &c. &c.

They are in daily expectation of their assortment of Hardware.

May 9. d

Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Tuesday the 31st of May last, a negro man named

JAMES;

he is about five feet one or two inches high, dark complexion, his fore teeth out above and below—had on and took with him a pair of white linen overalls, a white shirt and waistcoat, an old felt hat, and new great coat of dark grey cloth, his other clothing is not recollected, and it is probable, he may change what he took with him. I will give the above reward to any person that will apprehend said negro, and secure him in any jail so that I get him again, or will pay reasonable expenses if brought home, besides what the law allows.

DANIEL JOHN.

Menassa Gap, Fauquier county, June 11. d31

From the CHARLESTON COURIER.

Observations on Doctor BAKER's Letter.

CONTINUED.

WE have already declared our sincere, undisturbed opinion of Doctor BAKER, as he appears on the face of his letter. To repeat the praise we have justly bestowed upon his intentions would be superfluous, or worse. We can readily conceive, for it is a matter of every day observation in life, the same person to be generally wise and sometimes mistaken; to contribute to the multiplication of evils, of with the most benevolent intentions; to fight on the side of virtue, while furthering the cause of vice and to be eternally frustrating his own honest intentions by the simple unsuspiciousness of his heart. *Humanum est errare* is an apostrophe to every PARTRIDGE and STRAP have at their tongue's ends; and in truth there is this distinction between the good and the wicked, and the former are often deceived because the conscious rectitude of their own hearts excludes suspicion, while the wicked, are never deceived but in thinking it good to deceive others. Nothing is more familiar to our minds, therefore, than delusion, such as that under which Doctor BAKER writes. But if his writing is not that of a most consummate practiced cunning hypocrite, which no authority but his own shall ever make us believe, he will not longer remain in delusion.

"And even his failings lean'd to virtues side." This sentiment of the God like GOLD SMITH says more than we could write for years—a truce therefore with lucubration—let it suffice to say, that we know it is the characteristic of good hearts to be liable to error in the selection of their attachment; that we suspect is the case of the doctor; and that, so much do we reverence the honest prejudices and partialities of the heart, we would, if it were not a deep public concern, and did not involve the rights of others, be the last to break the happy, generous delusion. But the subjects he has touched upon, are high matter, and must not be suffered to mingle with atoms, and run on the surface of the general current of unnoticed assertions.

It costs us little effort to observe, that in the manners of this gentleman's favourite, Mr. Jefferson, there is much of that which not only can captivate the many, but may captivate those who rise above the multitude. Deportment commonly genteel, affability of demeanor, courtesy, kindness, though it should be only affected—these must please any one; and should the man be willing to stoop to court the vulgar, these, with a tolerable knowledge of the flippant common place of seditious writers, reformers, revolution-mongers, deists, and atheists—if accompanied with the appropriate grimace which apes sincerity, will do wonders. Those external accomplishments, however hollow, must, in point of effect, be what they are represented, and the more they are so, the more dangerous the notions and conduct of that man must be who possesses them, if his principles happen to be at bottom bad. Such qualities are the cobwebs, in which the innocent, stupid, buzzing flies of popular politics are enmeshed, and flimsy though they are, they hold their long-legged, querulous prisoners fast enough to disgrace them. It is men who are endowed with such powerful means of cajolment and persuasion, who in all ages, have stamped a temporary currency upon the worst principles, and blanded and soothed their fellow citizens into love and admiration, while they were hammering the rivets hard and fast on their chains, and while they were destroying the very elements of moral order and liberty. *Julius Caesar*, while he was laying the foundation of the empire, which trod down the last hopes of the republic under the foot of despotism, flattered, appealed, and administered fuel to the most degrading popular vices. "The husband of half the wives, and the wife of half the husbands," was the character of that man, who bestrode the world, and who crushed CATO, "the last good man of Rome," as POPE well calls him. The power of such determined demagogues is too well known to make a remark upon it necessary; we are willing to allow to our President much of that private social excellence, and much of the fascinating powers necessary to enthrall a well meaning, unsuspicious heart, and we are therefore, re-

ry well disposed to consider his eulogist as sincere in his avowed admiration of him. It is not a trivial thing that could raise a moment's suspicion of the enemy of PAINE and his principles in our eyes.

Those are the very qualities, however, which not only enable men to acquire undue popularity, and therefore render them dangerous, but which experience shews, have frequently accompanied the very worst political principles. Ambition generally calls them to her aid, while her intents are mischievous. WALPOLE, who laid the first stone of that immense structure of corruption in England, was a man of most pleasing manners; Lord BUTE, who perfected the structure, was eminent for good nature, charity, and, above all, for patronizing men of letters; Lord NORTH, that worst tool of BUTE, & that worst of ministers, may, perhaps, be fairly considered as the most delightful, fascinating and bewitching of human beings; and the present Mr. FOX had, for many years, in which he was not only out of power, but known to be hopeless of it, more personal friends than all the ministers of England put together. It is rigid rectitude, severe austerity, and the proud, unbending spirit which disdains to stoop, much less to link the feet of the populace, in order to fetter them; it is those qualities which distinguish the safe statesman, who endeavors not to get any thing by deception. Lord CHATHAM was one of these: his son, another. But if those agreeable talents are all strained to further the arts of the demagogue, they are detestable; they are only so many parts of a deliberate cheat put upon the world; whether they be true and sincere, however, or false and hollow, the politician and statesman cannot be judged by them simply, but by his actions connected with them. We allow that worthy men, men of education and talents; men, in other respects sagacious, may be deceived for a time; and that even it may be the virtue and unsuspicious nature of Dr. BAKER, which makes him admire the President, while, in toto, he dislikes the principles of him and his party; as we hope to demonstrate.

But while we thus give all the praise we can afford to the Doctor's disposition, we must say, that the more we admire his sincerity the more we must wonder at the total absence of all knowledge, the forgetfulness of the whole conduct of our President, under which the Doctor must labour, thinking, as he says he does, of him.

The Doctor speaks of the principles of PAINE, religious and political; has he duly considered the principles of Mr. Jefferson, as they appear upon record? The Doctor talks of Paine's deism and thefts from deistical writers. Does he not know of the honours paid to, and accepted by, Mr. Jefferson, from the New York Illuminati—from the political Barber there? and from that Pandemonium of Infidels, who under the auspices of a leading family in that city, openly preach against Christianity, and with all their might, support the cause of Mr. Jefferson, and his friends and supporters in New York—that family? Does he not know that through this continent, every deist and atheist is the friend and advocate of the President, and his political principles? If he does not, he shall. Has the Doctor never read Mr. Jefferson's letter to Callender, nor heard of his generosity, at the expense of the public, to him? And can he talk of Washington and Jefferson in one hour, if he has? Does the Doctor talk of the constitution, and has he read Mr. Jefferson's letter to Mazzei, or his son-in-law, Mr. Epps's address to his constituents?

We wish to set such a good man right, and will not stop till we do it, unless he should be, what we cannot suppose, determined to be wrong.

BOSTON, June 7.

On Sunday evening the ship Gen. Washington, capt. Roberts, arrived in 28 days from Bordeaux. When he left France the question of peace or war remained undecided.

By capt. Roberts, Paris papers were received to the 2d of May, containing London dates to April 26.

Col. Patten had given notice in the British House of Commons, of his intention to move for a committee of the whole on the state of the nation; but that he would delay the motion a few days in the hope the Minister would make his promised communication respecting the state of the negotiation with France: flattering himself it would be made by the 29th of April. The papers says, the Minister's

promise to parliament was founded on the expectation of the answers which would be given to dispatches sent to Paris on the 24th of April.

A London paper of April 26th, states that the preparations of war were prosecuted with renewed activity; but these were presumed to be occasioned by the consideration of the possible, rather than the probable result of the negotiation.

The French papers complain of some improper visits paid to their vessels on the ocean by British cruisers.

The Spanish Minister has arrived in England.

Capt. Berry, of the brig Ranger, from Dublin, favored us with the papers of that city to the 5th of May. A few extracts from them follow:

London, May 1.

Yesterday was productive of numerous reports, all concurring as to the probability of war, and the consequence was a further depression at the Stock Exchange. Consols opened yesterday morning at 64½; on the arrival of the French mail they fell half per cent, but presently rose to 64½; they again declined to 63½; and about two o'clock were done at 62½; they, however, closed at 63. The other Funds were likewise subject to rapid fluctuations; but their loss in the day's account did not exceed one eighth per cent.

It was stated, with much confidence, that the Chief Consul had indignantly rejected the ultimatum of our Cabinet. Our Ministers are said to have required that the French troops should be withdrawn from Holland, and the Batavian Republic rendered independent of France, as the only conditions on which they would consent to forego the advantages which the possession of Malta gave them in the Mediterranean—but these terms conceded, that they would instantly evacuate the island.

With equal confidence it was asserted, that the Dutch Minister at Paris had presented to the Consular Cabinet, the hostile appearance of a British Squadron cruising off the Batavian coast, and requiring from France the auxiliary force, which by treaty each Power is bound to render to the other in the event of actual or threatened invasion.

A list of seventeen additional ships of war, of various force, was yesterday exhibited at Lloyd's, said to have been ordered in the course of the day for commission.

The troops quartered in the Isle of Wight were yesterday, according to report, ordered to embark on board the frigates, and transports lying there, and to sail immediately for Malta.

In addition to these, and many similar reports, the money market was further depressed by a rumour that the minister will shortly want a loan of fifteen millions, and that on Friday next a communication is to be made to the public on this subject, as well as respecting the Lottery contract.

The Emperor Alexander has made assurances to the Hanse Towns, that he will protect their neutrality, in the event of a war between England and France.

The proposal, that the Island of Malta, after the departure of the English, shall be occupied only by Russian troops, has not been accepted at St. Petersburg.

Our last accounts from Malta (says a letter from Gibraltar) state, that the indignation of the Maltese was so great on the arrival there of the Commissioner from the Grand Master, that he ran some risk of being torn to pieces by the populace, had he not taken shelter at the French Minister's house. In a few hours afterwards, bills were privately stuck up all over the town, declaring that the inhabitants were resolved to put the Grand Master to death soon after his arrival, if he should presume to land in the island; and that they were determined never to suffer any foreign power but the British to have possession of that place.

A misunderstanding has arisen between the Courts of Sweden and Russia respecting the right to a bridge across a river near their lines. It has become so serious that the Russian Emperor has ordered the equipment of several vessels of force, gallees, &c. and several regiments to be held in readiness to march. But the pacific characters of the two monarchs will hardly allow a belief in the occurrence of war.

It has been proposed to the French tribunate, to decree that smugglers shall be punished with death.

The festival in honor of Joan of Arc, is re-established at Orleans, France.

The bite of a mad dog has been cured in Italy by some operations of Galvanism.

On the 15th of April, 30 destroyed by fire, at Pohna Great Poland.

NEW-YORK, June

The Eastern mail of yesterday with London accounts to the ship Martin, which arrived last evening from Falmouth, London papers one day late nothing to our stock of intelligence.

Mr. Nathaniel Willis, of the Martin, and who came here, informs us that the ship, of and for this port, down to Portsmouth from London on board Mr. King, who was on the 10th May. The British Leicester, capt. Clarke, was Falmouth for Halifax on the 10th. Many war measures were contrary port of the United Kingdom public opinion preponderated hostilities. Lord St. Vincent expected, would shortly resign the Admiralty Board, and be Lord Melville.

Many of the ship carpenters in the dock yards of the government had been detected in frauds by Earl St. Vincent, at his inspection, were discharged, and entered into the service of the public. The channel fleet had been delayed by the delay in obtaining seamen.

The cabinets of Vienna and it is understood, preserve a neutrality, in the event of a rupture between France and Great Britain.

The project of a law for the amendment of the French National Assembly, passed the legislative body by 159 votes to 63.

The Portuguese government, off the prohibition on the importation of flour, imposing in its stead 60 cents per barrel.

BALTIMORE, June

Arrived, the ship *President* Waitcoat, 35 days from Lisbon. Spoke the brig *Peggy*, capt. of and from Norfolk bound to Greece, out 11 days. *French vessels left at Lisbon* 1803.

Ship *Ambition*, Brown, N. Savannah Hamilton, Philadelphia, gail, Williams, do. Nestor Portsmouth; Bark *Columbia*, ton; — Jones, Norfolk; *Sanna*, and *Polly*, Rhode Island Coggeshall, Connecticut; *Mil* Philadelphia; *Sukey* and *Bet* Salem; *Flora*, Welsh, Northampton; *Davis*, Boston; *Samuel*, timore; schooner *Johanna*, Boston; *Good Hope*, Lunenburg; *Violet*, Hayes, —; *Ven* field, New York; *Freedom*, P. dustry, Standly; *Eliza*, Eving and *Mary*, Russell; *Charming* Woodbury; *Cornelia*, Hathawton, Hazard; *Betsey*, M'Call; *Trent*; *America*, Gardner; *H* Ann, Cox, all of New York.

Ship *Rebecca*, Mackeever, ophia, taking in salt for Malaga. Sailed in company with the *ard*, of Portsmouth; *John* Bec Calcutta, to touch at Cape de

June 12.

Arrived, ship *Robert*, Leonard, 61 days from Amsterdam, 21, in the mouth of the British *Spoke Elizabeth*, of New Bedford out from Charleston bound to Bre in lat. M. 36, 50, long. 62, 00 the ship *Brothers*, Charles-Ha 12 days out from New-York, Liverpool. June 4th lat. 37, 67, 00, spoke ship *William* and days out from Alexandria, bound mouth, for orders.

Also, *febr. Mary*, Kemp, from ten and Norfolk.

Also, the Spanish *febr. Velas* ena, capt. Peoli, 14 days from the na.

The following is the literal of a Letter lately written by a Gentleman, who had come into session of a Law Library.

"DEAR SIR,
"Inclosed I send thirty volumes Statutes at large, which you require your amusement."

Cash given for clean Lin Cotton Rags.

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On the 15th of April, 300 houses were
destroyed by fire, at Pohnania, capital of
Great Poland.

NEW-YORK, June 11.

The Eastern mail of yesterday furnished
with London accounts to the 1st May.
The ship Martin, which arrived at this
port last evening from Falmouth brings
London papers one day later, but adds
nothing to our stock of intelligence.

Mr. Nathaniel Willis, the owner of
the Martin, and who came passenger in
her, informs us that the ship John Mor-
gan, of and for this port, had dropped
down to Portsmouth from London, to take
on board Mr. King, who was to embark
on the 10th May. The British Packet
Leicester, capt. Clarke, was to sail from
Falmouth for Halifax on the 8th. Vigo-
rous war measures were continued in eve-
ry port of the United Kingdom, and the
public opinion preponderated in favor of
hostilities. Lord St. Vincents, it was
expected, would shortly resign his seat at
the Admiralty Board, and be succeeded by
Lord Melville.

Many of the ship carpenters employed
in the dock yards of the government, hav-
ing been detected in fraudulent practices
by Earl St. Vincent, at his late visit of
inspection, were discharged, and have en-
tered into the service of the French Re-
public. The channel fleet had not failed,
and the delay is attributed to the difficul-
ty of obtaining seamen.

The cabinets of Vienna and Berlin will
it is understood, preserve a strict neutrali-
ty, in the event of a rupture between
France and Great Britain.

The project of a law for the establish-
ment of the French National Bank has
passed the legislative body by a majority
of 159 votes to 63.

The Portuguese government have taken
off the prohibition on the import of for-
eign flour, imposing in its stead a duty of
6 cents per barrel.

BALTIMORE, June 11.

Arrived, the ship President, captain
Waistcoat, 35 days from Lisbon.

Spoke the brig Peggy, captain —,
of and from Norfolk, bound to Havre de
Grace, out 11 days.

American vessels left at Lisbon, May 10,
1803.

Ship Ambition, Brown, New York;
Savannah Hamilton, Philadelphia; Abi-
gail, Williams, do. Nestor, Whipple,
Portsmouth; Bark Colombia, Day, Bos-
ton; — Jones, Norfolk; brig Su-
fanna, and Polly, Rhode Island; Canton,
Coggeshall, Connecticut; Misery, Read,
Philadelphia; Sukey and Betsey, Cook,
Salem; Flora, Welsh, Norfolk, Washing-
ton, Davis, Boston; Samuel, West, Bal-
timore; schooner Johanna, Lumbard,
Bolton; Good Hope, Luraire, Salem;
Violet, Hayes, —; Venelia, Shef-
field, New York; Freedom, Reath; In-
dustry, Standly; Eliza, Evings; Ruth,
and Mary, Russel; Charming, Nancy,
Woodbury; Cornelia, Hathaway; Wal-
ton, Hazard; Betsey, McCall; Harmony,
Trent; America, Gardner; Harriot, and
Ann, Cox, all of New York.

Ship Rebecca, Mackeever, of Philadel-
phia, taking in salt for Malaga.

Sailed in company with the ship How-
ard, of Portsmouth; John Beckford, for
Calcutta, to touch at Cape de Verdes.

June 12.

Arrived, ship Robert, Leonard Willing
master 61 days from Amsterdam. April
21, in the month of the British channel,
Spoke Elizabeth, of New Bedford, 28 days
out from Charleston bound to Bremenay 29,
in lat. M. 36, 50, long. 62, 00, W. Spoke
the ship Brothers, Charles Hall, master,
12 days out from New York, bound to
Liverpool. June 4th lat. 37, 00, long.
67, 00, spoke ship William and John 3
days out from Alexandria, bound to Fal-
mouth, for orders.

Also, febr. Mary, Kemp, from Charle-
ton and Norfolk.

Also, the Spanish febr. Velas Audax-
na, capt. Peoli, 14 days from the Havan-
na.

The following is the literal transcript
of a Letter lately written by a Country
Gentleman, who had come into the pos-
session of a Law Library.

"DEAR SIR,
"Inclosed I send thirty volumes of the
Statutes at large, which you requested for
your amusement."

Cash given for clean Linen and
Cotton Rags.

Alexandria Advertiser.

TUESDAY, JUNE 14.

It may be recollected, that in one of
our late papers, we gave an extract from
the Washington Federalist, headed Gallat-
in and Matthew Lyon. From this ar-
ticle it appeared that this imported bear in
human shape has been appointed agent of
the U. S. for furnishing supplies to the
army, to the exclusion of men of charac-
ter and respectability. And it further ap-
peared that the imported Secretary of the
Treasury had honored his draught in an
uncommon degree by paying it above
five months before it became due, while
the bill of Mr. Steele, late Secretary of
the Mississippi Territory, an American
and a federalist, was, under the most trif-
ling pretences, dishonored and exposed to
a protest; nay, that more than fourteen
months had now elapsed since the money
became due, and still the Genevan con-
trived to find excuses for declining to pay
it. Two reasons have already been given
why Lyon should meet with this extraor-
dinary favor and preference in the sight
of Monsieur Gallatin; we shall finish this
article by furnishing a third, as contained
in the following extract:

"Headquarters, O.R. 16, 1779.
Ticonderoga.

PAROLE, FALMOUTH.

"At a General Court Martial of the
Line, of which Brigadier General St.
Clair was President:

"Capt. Jonathan Fasset, Capt. John
Fasset, Lieut. Rufus Perry, Lieut. Jona-
than Wright, and Lieut. Mathew Lyon,
were tried for deserting their posts on
Onion River, without their being attack-
ed or forced by the enemy, and without
orders.

"The Court having duly considered
the evidence for and against the prisoners,
are of opinion, that Capt. Jonathan Fas-
set, Capt. John Fasset, Lieut. Jonathan
Wright, and Lieut. Mathew Lyon, are
guilty of deserting their posts without
orders, or without being attacked, or
forced by the enemy, and they are also,
with Lieut. Rufus Perry, guilty of a
breach of the sixth article of the rules and
regulations published by the Honorable,
the Continental Congress, for the better
regulation of the Army.

"And do adjudge that Capt. Jonathan
Fasset, Capt. John Fasset, Lieut. Jona-
than Wright, Lieut. Rufus Perry, and
Lieut. Mathew Lyon, be cashiered, and
forfeit all their pay, to be appropriated to-
wards making good the damages sustained
by the inhabitants on Onion River, on
account of their unsoldier like behavior;
and that they be all, and each of them,
declared incapable of ever hereafter hold-
ing any military command or employment
in the States of America.

"And that their names and crimes be
published in the newspapers."

This now is another of the war-worn
soldiers of the American revolution. We
fancy the democratic editors will be a lit-
tle tender in future how they touch on the
revolution services of "spitting Mathew
Lyon," or "poor Luther Baldwin."

We observe that the sentence incapaci-
tates Mathew from holding "any mili-
tary command or employment in the States
of America." We will not undertake to
say that the employment he now holds,
that of "Agent for furnishing supplies to
the army," is a military employment;
but we will venture to say, it is an em-
ployment that he never would have re-
ceived from Gen. Washington. He was
a man of honorable sentiment, and would
have felt the disgrace of having such a
creature employed in the most menial of-
fice in his gift. But, aha! the distribu-
tion of honour and office has now fallen
to the lot of quite another sort of man—
one who assures us, under his own hand,
that "of the various executive duties,
no one excites more anxious concern than
that of placing the interest of our fellow
citizens in the hands of honest men, with
understanding sufficient for their station,"
and that "time is taken, and information
sought, to seek out the best through the
Union." Certainly it must be admitted,
that our President is singularly happy in
making such discoveries who are "the best
men thro' the Union."

(N. Y. Even. Post.)

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in
Natchez, to his friend in the City of
Washington, dated 13th April 1803.

"The public mind here is in a state of
the most painful anxiety. The Spaniards

have been tamely suffered to insult and to
injure us—they first invited us to take
quiet possession of the Palladium of the west-
ern country. They then tried to provoke
our pride to the same measure; they have
found that neither interest, nor national
honour can rouse the American Cabinet into
manly measures. We have 'tis true seen
the world that we are very well disposed
to beg and intreat foreign powers not to de-
prive us of our existence and honour; but
the President like Sterne's ass, when we
are kicked, cuffed and spit upon, turns
up his piteous imploring eyes and says—
"pray don't beat us, but if you wait you
may."

The French are now in possession of New
Orleans. I have seen the Prefect's Pro-
clamation or Manifesto. It is like all other
French Manifestoes; or very like the Pre-
sident's speeches. The fact is that there
is not a man of information in this Territory
who is not fully sensible that our country is
ruined. The President 'tis he alone who
is censurable, has by his pusillanimous con-
duct caused the vital blood of the Western
country to stagnate and putrify in her bos-
om; and to ensure our complete destruc-
tion; he has most ignominiously suffered,
without an exertion, our bitterest enemy to
lay his execrable grasp upon the mouth of
that artery, through which that blood must
circulate, if it circulate at all.

In short, my dear sir, we are fully con-
vinced that we must reconcile ourselves to
the colonial military despotism of Bonaparte
or quit this territory. Those who live on
the Western waters will be governed by
those who govern their resources.

Those whose circumstances will admit of
it are already preparing for the sober stea-
dy governments of the New England States,
and Congress in the plenitude of their wis-
dom have taken care that none but Atlan-
tic speculators shall own land in this coun-
try. They have fixed the minimum of an
acre here at two dollars, whereas they
know, or ought to know that more than
two thirds of this Territory can never be
cultivated; that we are a frontier and
forever subject to incursions, Revolution
and a thousand evils of which an interior
country is in no danger, and they have fix-
ed this price at a time too when 'tis impos-
sible for a poor man or even a wealthy
farmer, to command a dollar more than
he has kept by him from last year, and
you know that we are in the habit of
laying out every dollar annually for ne-
groes."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in
New Orleans, to his friend in Lexing-
ton (Ken.) dated 21st April, 1803.

"DEAR SIR,

"Since I had the pleasure of writing
you from Natchez, I have lately come
down the river to this place, and have
been here two weeks without accomplish-
ing much business—indeed there is no such
thing as selling merchandise at present;
and many goods can be bought much
cheaper here than in Philadelphia. The
French adventurers who are coming over
in crowds with the idea of making rapid
fortunes are most sadly disappointed;
they are obliged for their own subsistence,
and for the purpose of paying the freight,
duties, &c. to raise money, to send their
goods to auction, and are often times
obliged to sacrifice them at one fourth the
first cost.—Such is the gloom in the mer-
cantile horizon, and I scarcely think the
political one is much better. What will
be the fate of this as well as of all the
western country, I am at a loss to im-
agine, though I think they depend one
on the other, and that they must stand or fall
together. There can be no doubt but
that a considerable body of French troops
will very shortly arrive here—the prefect
is turning the custom houses, rope walk,
and even the assembly room into barracks
for soldiers—in the mean time, he finds
considerable difficulty in making contracts
for provisions, &c. The American mer-
chants have refused to enter into any en-
gagements with him, as he withes a cre-
dit of one and two months. The French
and Spanish settlers are equally backward.
After the example of Le Clerc's bills in
St. Domingo, I do not at all wonder at
this refusal: but I am afraid that a requi-
sition will be the consequence as soon as
General Victor arrives. You can easily
imagine what will be the situation of
American produce in that case.

"The conduct of the American gov-
ernment in regard to New Orleans, has
degraded us in the opinion of every na-
tion. I lodge in a French Hotel, they
laugh us to scorn and say it is the inten-
tion of the French government to possess all

the Western Country. I always despised
the idle boast of the 'great nation' and
trust they are mistaken. But what does
our executive mean to do? Does he wish
to raise the passions of the Western Peo-
ple, until they are forced to throw them-
selves into the arms of France? He sure-
ly takes the only means of accomplishing
such a project. Nothing but depriving
a free people of their means of subsistence,
can make them think of disuniting them-
selves to be governed by a haughty
French Prefect, and to see the bayonets of
Bonaparte's myrmidons glittering in their
towns.

"The people of the Western Coun-
try, have as yet acted with calmness and
propriety. I hope they will continue so
to do. They ought to remember that it
is a President of their own particular
cheating, who treats them thus; that it
is their own beloved heroes of Democra-
cy and no Taxes, who support him; and
that it is the Federalists of the Atlantic
States alone, who with and endeavour to
maintain the rights of the Western trade.
I think there can be no doubt but that
the French mean to keep possession of Lou-
isiana; they are endeavoring to purchase
the Floridas also of Spain—we shall then
be in a manner surrounded.

"Dispatches from our government ar-
rived here about a week ago; the object
of them was the opening of the deposit;
but whether they contain any dispatches
from Spain or their minister at Washing-
ton, is not known. However, our con-
sul here was told by the Governor, that
nothing would be done at present with re-
gard to opening the port; it will there-
fore rest with the French, who, no doubt,
occasioned it to be shut."

REMOVAL.

I HAVE removed my SHOP
to Royal Street next door to Cot-
ton & Stewart's Book-Store, where
I have an extensive assortment of
genuine

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.
Which will be disposed of by
wholesale or retail.

B. H. HALL.

June 14.

Turn the Corner.

The subscriber has at his store
in Union street, a parcel of excellent

Pine Apples,

which he will sell single or by the hun-
dred, as low as they were sold on board
the vessel that brought them here.

Also—Oranges, Limes, Le-
mons, lemon juice, raisins, figs, shetbarks,
cocoa nuts, with a general assortment of
Groceries.

Like-wise—1000 lbs. superior
Rhode Island Cheese, and a parcel of very
fine Bacon.

ANSEL WILLIS.

June 14.

By Virtue of a Deed of Trust to
the subscriber, will be exposed on the
premises, upon the 11th day of July
next,

A piece of Ground lying up-
on the south side of Duke street, and west
side of Fairfax street, in the town of Alex-
andria, extending with Duke street thirty
two feet six inches, and with Fairfax
street thirty two feet six inches, upon
this ground is erected a three story brick
house. The terms of sale are one third
of the purchase money upon the sale, an-
other third in three months, and the re-
mainder in six months; the two last pay-
ments to be secured by a trust upon the
property, if required, or in such other as
will be most satisfactory to the persons
now interested in the property.

JAMES KEITH, Trustee.

June 14.

One Cent Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber,
about the middle of the month May, an
apprentice boy, 18 years of age, named
James Simmons.

The above reward will be paid for ap-
prehending him and delivering him to his
master.

GEO. COLEMAN,

Master of the schooner Sparrow.
May 30. law 3w

Mrs. COOKE.

Has the honor of informing her friends, and the inhabitants in general, of Alexandria and its vicinity, that she has opened a School for young Ladies, next door to the corner of Prince and Washington Streets, and hopes to experience a continuance of the liberal and generous patronage, which she has hitherto received, and of which she will ever make it her study to be thought deserving.

Mrs. Cooke purposes to engage a select number of Pupils, for whom, when complete, she will procure Teachers of approved abilities to perfect them in those branches of literature, which their parents or guardians may wish them to attain.

Young Ladies, residing at a distance from School, boarded by the day or week during the warm season. A few yearly boarders will be received on moderate terms, to be made known at the school.

April 13.

2aw3m

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

One Tract of about 1,100 acres of land within six miles of Alexandria, on which are a good Grist Mill with two pair of stones in good order; a Distillery with three stills and a boiler, the house has lately been enlarged and put in complete order; a dwelling house with two rooms on the first and four on the second floor; an excellent ice-house, wash-house and kitchen, all almost new and in good order; a large barn and stable almost new; several out houses for the miller, distiller and work people, corn house, smoke house, spring house, and fowl's houses, and a very good garden. There are about 2500 fruit trees on the land, all of the choicest fruits America can afford, and we will venture to say that there is not a better collection in Virginia; about sixty acres of the land are in meadow, and about 700 acres in woods, and most of it thick timbered, particularly the bottom land, of which there are about 400 acres, exclusive of the meadow.

One other tract of land about 12 miles from Alexandria, and adjoining on the south side of Ravenworth, containing about 170 acres. This land is well situated for farming; there is a framed dwelling house on it, with two rooms on the first and two on the second floor.

One other Tract about five miles from Alexandria, near the turnpike road and the land of Mr. Charles Lee, occupied by Mr. Kendall, containing 80 acres and most of it in woods. The only improvement on this land is a pretty good log house.

Lots in Alexandria.

That Lot of Ground on which the bake house and dwelling house stand, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamison.

The Lot adjoining the bake house lot, on which the tobacco warehouses stand.

A large Lot opposite the tobacco warehouses, on which are two small framed dwelling houses and a carriage house.

A Lot on the north west corner of Queen and St. Asaph streets, containing 60 odd feet on Queen street and about 100 feet on St. Asaph street.

A Lot on the east side of Washington street, near Queen street, containing on Washington street 63 feet, and in depth 170 odd feet, with the benefit of an alley of 10 feet 6 inches, running the whole distance on the South side and east end of the lot.

Lands in the Western Country.

One Tract of 1,675 acres, one of 2,000 acres, and one of 5,000 acres in Randolph, formerly Harrison county, Virginia, equal in quality to most of the lands in that county. One tract in Kenhawa, formerly Montgomey county, on Mud river, containing about 5,000 acres; this land is about 40 miles below the mouth of Great Kenhawa, and about 6 miles from the Ohio river; is almost all bottom land and equal in quality to any land in that county, and navigable within two miles of the land.

One Tract of 400 acres on Capitalo creek, which empties into the Great Kenhawa, said to be very valuable.

HEPBURN and DUNDAS.

May 11.

(13)

2aw6t

THE PARTNERSHIP OF HEPBURN & DUNDAS

being by mutual consent dissolved, all persons indebted to them are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, or they will be under the necessity of bringing suit against every delinquent, and all those who may have claims against them are desired to bring them in that they may be paid.

Wm. HEPBURN, JOHN DUNDAS.

Alex. May 12.

12a 6w

Just Received,

Excellent Bacon Hams,

(salt petre) Also,

MATTHEWSON CHEESE,

Each Oranges and Lemons, Tamarinds, Cocoa Nuts, and few boxes first quality Havana Segars.

J. DYSON.

May 4.

d

Tucker's Blackstone.

GENTLEMEN, in any part of Virginia who have subscription papers in their hands, are earnestly requested to send them immediately by post to the publishers in Philadelphia—the work is in great forwardness, and will it is presumed, be ready for delivery early in the fall; before which time it will be the interest of those who intend to subscribe to leave their names with the publishers.

Since the prospectus was first issued Judge Tucker has made a selection of the most applicable of Mr. Christian's Notes, which will be printed under their proper references.

May 13.

co1m

JUST PUBLISHED, By COTTON & STEWART, AND FOR SALE

At their Bookstore, and the Bookstore of J. V. Thomas,

(PRICE ONE DOLLAR,) LETTERS

FROM HIS EXCELLENCY

Gen. GEO. WASHINGTON, TO

Sir ARTHUR YOUNG,

AND

Sir J. SINCLAIR, Bart.

ON

AGRICULTURE,

AND

OTHER INTERESTING TOPICS.

Few works have been published in America, that claim the agriculturist's attention more than this. Added to his own experiments, opinions and calculations, it contains those of the most eminent farmers in the middle states; collected from them by himself, and transmitted to the British Board of Agriculture of which he was an honorary member.

April 25.

d

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE COMMENCED



The BOOK and SHOE

MAKING BUSINESS,

In Prince Street, a few doors West of the Post Office,

Where they intend carrying it on in its various branches. Those who may please to favor them with their custom may rely upon their paying strict attention to have their work faithfully and neatly executed.

MOSES & JACOB JANNEY.

Two or three Lads will be taken as Apprentices.

June 7.

co

Brush Manufactory,

In King street, next door to Mr. Peter Wife's.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have on hand a general assortment of

BRUSHES,

which they warrant to be equal to any manufactured in America, or imported, and which they are determined to sell as low as they can be bought in Philadelphia, Baltimore, or elsewhere. Town or country merchants may be supplied with large or small quantities as may best suit them. Orders from the adjacent towns, for articles in their line, will be thankfully received, and attended to with punctuality and dispatch.

Findlay & Shakes.

N. B. They have Cowskin Whips by the gross or dozen, Currycombs. Likewise one cask of SADLER Y, well assorted, which they will sell much lower than it can be bought elsewhere in Alexandria.

June 1.

co6t

Notice.

ALL persons having claims on the estate of the late Mrs. Martha Washington, are requested to exhibit their accounts properly proved; and those persons indebted to the said estate are desired to make immediate payment.

THOMAS PETER,

Attng Executor.

March 3.

2aw

Randolph Mott

RESPECTFULLY acquaints his friends, and the public generally, that he still continues to keep tavern in that noted house, corner of King & Royal streets, sign of the SPREAD EAGLE. He returns his thanks to his friends for their custom, and flatters himself from his attention to merit a continuance of their favors, as he is determined to use every exertion to please.

May 7.

co

Orphans' Court.

It has lately been determined, that where Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration have been or may be granted out of the corporation and county of Alexandria, Executors and Administrators in such cases, cannot maintain actions till other probates and administrations are granted therein—And as this circumstance and the time of holding the Orphan's Court may not be generally known—Notice is hereby given, that an Orphan's Court is held for the county of Alexandria, on the second Tuesday certainly, in each month (besides adjournments as occasion may require) and that on the second Tuesday in next month, at the Court House, a court in course will commence and sit as many days as this, or any other business may require.

By order of the Judge, CLEON MOORE, Register of Wills for Alexandria County.

May 27.

2aw

SPANISH HIDES.

1200 Spanish Hides, just received and for sale by

J. & J. H. TUCKER.

ALSO,

By the sloop Friendship, from Barbadoes, 10 hhds and 40 bbls first quality SUGARS; and from New York, 10 boxes fresh Prunes. A general assortment of Groceries as usual

May 6.

co

For SALE, or RENT,

THE STORE I have occupied for sometime past, situated on Prince Street, opposite Col. Hooe's. There is on hand in town more eligible or better calculated for carrying on an extensive wet or dry Good Business. The Cellar perfectly dry, with a door at each end, will hold one thousand barrels of Flour. Twenty-five hundred barrels may be stored upon the Premises without any inconvenience to the occupant. For terms apply to

WILLIAM OXLEY.

December 7.

co

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 4th of this instant a negro man named GEORGE, about six feet high, 19 years of age. Had on when he went away a grey coloured cloth coat, linen shirt, and overalls. He was purchased of Nicholas Strike of Baltimore, and belonged to some man at or near Annapolis. Any person delivering said fellow to John Hodgkin of Alexandria or securing him in any jail, so that I get him again shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expenses.

WM. BARTON.

June 6.

co3t

Jeremiah Satterwhite, COACH MAKER,

Still continues to carry on the business, in St. Asaph Street, opposite Edward Martin's Blacksmith Shop. He returns his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Alexandria and its vicinity, for the liberal encouragement he has met with, and hopes a continuance of their favors, as he will do every thing in his power to give general satisfaction.

He has now on hand a few handsome GIGS, nearly finished, of choice materials, which he offers for sale on moderate terms.—WANTED, two good wood workmen, a carriage maker and wheelwright, to whom generous wages will be given.—Likewise, two boys, well recommended, to any part of the business, as he intends carrying it on in all its branches.—Wanted to purchase, oak timber for spokes, ash timber (very tough) sawed or in logs, some good poplar plank, for which the cash will be given.

May 19.

2aw1m.

Umbrellas.

Ricketts, Newton & Co. HAVE just received one case of London finished Umbrellas.

May 10.

d

STEDECORN & PECK, Coach & Coach-Harness Makers, (From Philadelphia.)

Respectfully inform the citizens of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they have commenced the COACH-MAKING business, in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Jones, in Royal Street, between Cameron and Queen streets, where they intend to make and repair all kinds of CARRIAGES.—All orders in their line of business will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Alex. May 28.

1aw3w

A Warehouse to Let.

I will rent my Warehouse, situate on King street, adjoining the mansion house in which I live, opposite Mr. J. Kincaid's. Possession may be had immediately. It is very convenient for a Grocery store, or a Flour Merchant. For terms apply to

P. MARSTELLER.

June 2.

co

Has for sale at his store, opposite Dean and Gardner's, Union Street,

The following Articles:

RUM of different kinds, Holland Gin, French Brandy, Whiskey and Wines, Loaf and brown Sugar, Best green Coffee, Chocolate, Hyson and Young Hyson Teas, Tamarins, fresh Rice, Muscadell Raisins by the box, Fresh Figs, China Oranges, Lemons and Limes, Rhode Island Cheese, Mens' Shoes of an excellent quality, Salmon in kegs, Fine Rhode Island Potatoes, Cavendish's Tobacco, Best Havannah Segars, Shad and Herrings by the bl. Good firkin Butter, Soap and Candles, and a general assortment GLASS and CROCKERY WARE. Just received one hhd.

FRESH LEMON JUICE, which he offers for sale on very moderate terms, by the gallon or smaller quantity.

ABEL WILLIS.

May 19.

d

John Gardner Ladd

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Warehouse, Prince Street Wharf, Loaf and brown Sugars, West India and N. England Rum, Coffee, Chocolate, fresh Teas, New Rice, white and brown Soap, Spermaceti and tallow Candles, Seal Leather, Beef and Pork, Lamp and Tanners' Oil, French Brandy and Holland Gin, Few boxes excellent Claret, Bar Iron, stone Lime, New Herrings and Shad, A few bls. good Vinegar, Cables and Cordage of all sizes, Russia and ravens Duck, India Cottons, Nankeens, Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Irish Linens, German do. Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Ginger, Allum, Copperas, Brimstone, Cotton, Wool and Playing Cards, Wrought and cut Nails, A few boxes Olives, Capers and Sweet Oil,

Writing Paper, Mens' fine and coarse Hatts, &c.

June 2.

d

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have for Sale,

50 boxes Segars, 2 bales Mullins, 6 pipes old Madera Wine, 5 tress's Threads, 100 pieces Bandannos, 10 bales Cotton, 1 trunk low price'd Calicoes, 2 butts French Brandy, 50 boxes Soap and Candles, 4 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards, 50 kegs Tobacco (James river) 20 bls. Beef and Pork, 10 hhds. Sugar, 10 tons Swedish Iron, 20 boxes Chocolate, 100 reams Wrapping Paper, 100 do. Writing do. French and Nova Scotia Plaster, Lisbon and Turk's Island Salt. A large quantity of Bran to be sold very cheap, if taken away soon.

They are giving Cash for Wheat, Flour, Corn, Rye and Tobacco.

April 2.

d

PRINTED DAILY BY S. SNOWDEN.

Vol. III.]

Public

On F

A 10 o'clock, will

Rum in hog

French Brandy

Gin in pipes and

Whiskey and A

Sugar in hhds. ti

Coffee in tierces

Chocolate

White and brow

Mould and dip

Raisins in kegs,

Figs in kegs and

Queens Ware in

FURNI

A variety of

Among

Cloths, Co

Kerleymeres,

Plains and Ke

Negro Cotton

Elasticks, blu

Calimancoes a

Yarn Stocking

Chintzes and

Irish Linens,

Platillas,

Osnaburgs an

Mullins and

India Mullin

Bandanna Ha

Coloured Th

And sundry

P. C

June 14.

Sales

SAT

At 10 o'clock, will

Store, the corn

streets.

Rum in hh

Whiskey in b

Apple Brandy

Gin in casks,

Wine in pipes

Molasses in h

Sugar in hhds

White and br

Coffee in cask

Raisins in keg

Queen's War

A variety o

-AMONG

Broad Cloths,

Calimeroes,

Kerleys,

Coatings,

Halfsticks,

Fearnought,

Blankets,

Planes,

Negro Cottons,

Worsted and oth

Stockings,

THOS. PA

June 8.

F

A TRAC

Near the town

the lands of Char

min Dulany, con

dred and ten ac

tract called Pea

Land are some h

prospects of the

will be sold altog

twenty acres each

The sale will cor

the thirteenth d

negotiable in the

sixty days, with

received in paym

June 7.

Prin

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with neatne